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# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XVIII.

ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1886

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## THE PEOPLE SPEAK.

### VICTORIES FOR GEN. GORDON.

#### His Most Sanguine Friends Surprised at the Result.

#### SEVEN OUT OF NINE COUNTIES

#### And Others Postponed Because He Had Captured Them.

#### BACON MEN BADLY ROUTED.

#### By Losing Some of Their Most Positive Counties.

#### EVEN DOOLY GOES FOR GORDON.

#### And Carroll, Gordon, Forsyth, Polk, Murray and Lumpkin Likewise.

#### DETAILS OF THE DAY'S CONTEST

Yesterday was cut out for Bacon, but it was spoiled in the making up and turned out to be Gordon's day.

General Gordon and his friends expected little from yesterday's election. They realized that the counties had been called by Bacon's friends because they were thought to be "safely fixed" for Bacon.

They were part of the programme started in Clarke and Coffee counties. It was thought that by hurrying up mass meetings in the county towns, when the farmers were very busy, that local politicians could "manage" things for Bacon, and give him a lead over Gordon that would discourage the friends of the latter. Under this programme Gordon had to fight Bacon in his own territory, and on his own terms. He and his friends would have gladly compromised on half the delegates yesterday. They never claimed this much, and hardly expected so much.

The result shows that they got 10 votes to 4, or just four to one. In most of the counties Gordon's majority was overwhelming. In Lumpkin Hon. W. P. Price, who ran as a Bacon delegate, was beaten five to one. In Polk "the majority was so overwhelming that the vote was not counted." In Murray it was five to one. In Forsyth, which was counted absolutely safe for Bacon until the vote was polled, Gordon's vote was two to one. In Carroll it was overwhelming. In Gordon he had a hundred majority. In DeKalb his most sanguine friends set down as "impossible," he had a small majority. He carried seven counties while Bacon carried two.

The most significant feature of the day was the counties in which Gordon caught Bacon on the run. In Haralson county about ten days ago the executive committee met. The Gordon men begged for a primary to be held on July 1st. The Bacon men insisted on a mass-meeting, and hurried it up on June 1st. The Gordon men accepted the situation, and when the meeting was held they had three to one, and the meeting was a rouser. The Bacon men then wanted a primary election, and a postponement until July 1st, which was finally agreed to. In Hart county the mass-meeting was called for yesterday. When Gordon spoke the call was rescinded. Then Bacon spoke there and it was given out that the mass-meeting would be held at a later date. The Gordon men hearing this went to work and had out four to one, in the biggest political gathering ever seen in Hart county. Then the selection of delegates was postponed until the first Tuesday in July. If these two counties had acted under the official call made by the Bacon men they would have been added by an unprecedented vote to the "fixed" column. They are, of course, safe for Gordon whenever they delegates for congressman, Gordon receiving 417 votes and Bacon 91 votes; Gain 273 votes and Clements 250 votes.

General Gordon's friends were jubilant over their victory. As no trains were running the news was brought in and disseminated by telegraph. Scores of congratulatory dispatches came in from friends in other counties, and the Gordon headquarters was a busy scene.

While there was considerable surprise at the result in many counties, there was no over-confidence among General Gordon's friends. They realized that there was a hard fight ahead, and that while the outcome of the first skirmish was better than they had hoped for, it that it would take hard work to whip it. The Bacon men had little to say. The news from Lumpkin, Forsyth and Murray was not received until late, when Bacon's headquarters were closed.

We do not put the vote of Pickens county in the summary. Our reasons for not putting it there will be found in the report of the Pickens county meeting, published elsewhere. It is enough to say that in this meeting, called for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the democratic party, that a resolution reciting that none but democrats should be allowed to vote, was voted down.

The battles of the day will be found in the reports which follow:

#### THE SURPRISE OF ALL.

Dooly County Wheels Right in the Gordon Column.

MONTZUMA, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—The news that Dooly county had instructed for Gordon has terrified the Bacon following in this county, and a general rout will be the

result. Dooly is away off the railroad and the Gordon men have paid but little attention to it, knowing that it had been thoroughly worked for Bacon and was considered one of his strongest counties. Bacon has visited it several times and had on his side the cleverest politicians of the county. His managers have been exceedingly boastful as to their strength and what they would do. There was scarcely a doubt then but that it would instruct for Bacon. But the Gordon men have stormed the county and carried the day. The convention met this morning at 10 o'clock in Vienna. The Gordon following in the county was there in sufficient numbers to out vote the politicians. The farmers and old soldiers, and young men and everybody else who favored Gordon made it a point to be present and have a voice in the action of the county, though some of them had to come twenty miles to do it. The vote stood, Gordon one hundred and twenty-seven, Bacon one hundred and twenty-one.

As goes Dooly, so goes the state. Clisp was indorsed for congress.

#### GORDON FOR GORDON.

The People Want the Man with a Scar on His Face.

CALHOUN, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—The people of Gordon county met in mass meeting today for the purpose of electing delegates to the gubernatorial and congressional conventions. Resolutions were adopted to the effect that candidates for governor and for congress should be voted for by written ballot, and that the chairman of the meeting should appoint delegates to the representative conventions to vote for the candidate receiving the majority of votes cast.

The ballot resulted as follows: Bacon, one hundred and forty-nine; Gordon, two hundred and forty; Pain, for congress, two hundred and ninety-two; Clements, one hundred and one. The delegates to the gubernatorial convention are W. E. Kautin and Z. T. Gray. The delegates to the congressional convention are M. J. Dudley, J. H. Browlee, T. C. Milner and J. M. Robertson.

There were four hundred and two voters present, and everything passed off quiet and satisfactory.

#### CARROLL COINCIDES

With the Rest of Georgia in Favor of General Gordon.

CARROLLTON, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—General Gordon carried Carroll today. A mass-meeting of over 500 voters was present. The vote was twenty to one, amidst great enthusiasm and applause. The following known Gordon men were selected delegates: H. M. Williams, J. C. Roop, J. J. Velvin, R. R. Hosely, J. H. Griffin, C. P. Gordon, J. M. Hewitt, J. B. Jones.

Uncle Tom Chandler, a democrat 89 years old, moved that they vote for Gordon forever. It was enthusiastically carried. The rebel yell is as familiar today as in '62.

#### LUMPKIN LUMPS IN

To Help Swell the Figures for Governor Gordon.

DAHLONEGA, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—Lumpkin county went overwhelmingly for Gordon today, amid great enthusiasm. The Gordon delegates received one hundred and thirteen votes, while Colonel Price, representing Major Bacon, received only twenty-three. The delegates were not instructed but were asked to declare their views, when Colonel Baker announced that they were for Gordon, first, last and all the time. The crowd went wild with excitement.

#### FOURTH FOR GORDON.

Enthusiasm of the Forces of Gordon in Forsyth County.

CUMMING, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—The brave old soldiers met here today, determined to recent the slanders made upon their old commander, General Gordon. George N. Lester, the one armed hero of the mountains, and William L. Chambliss appealed to the people in behalf of Gordon and purer methods in state politics. By a vote of 193 for Gordon and 108 for Bacon, Forsyth county placed herself right on the record.

There is great enthusiasm among the Gordon men in this county.

#### TOO MANY TO COUNT.

Polk County Goes on Record for General Gordon.

CEDARTOWN, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—The convention voted on the Gordon delegates, and they were elected by such an overwhelming majority that the vote was not counted. The delegates are instructed for Gordon. Enthusiasm prevails.

#### MURRAY MOVES IN

And Claims a Front Position in the Gordon Column.

SPRING PLACE, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—At a primary election held here today Gordon delegates were elected for governor, and Pain delegates for congressman, Gordon receiving 417 votes and Bacon 91 votes; Gain 273 votes and Clements 250 votes.

#### "AS PREVIOUSLY ARRANGED."

Columbia County is Placed to the Credit of Bacon.

HARLEM, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—According to the arrangement, the vote of this (Columbia) county was today placed at the credit of Mr. Bacon. The delegates are Messrs. M. J. Branch, W. J. Haggie, P. J. Blount and O. Hardy.

Bacon Carries Catawba, as Usual.

RINGOLD, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—In the primary here today, which was confined to Bacon's chosen precinct, the vote stood for Gordon 182, Bacon 215, Clements 112, Gain 225.

#### ENTHUSIASM IN AUGUSTA.

The Good News Stirs Up Richmond's Gordon Supporters.

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 2.—[Special.]—The news from the counties over the state was received here with the utmost consternation today by the Bacon men, and with the greatest enthusiasm by General Gordon's supporters. Some of Bacon's strongest supporters concede tonight that Gordon has whipped the fight in the first battle, and that a general rout will follow. There are now but few, if any, who doubt his nomination by the democratic party, that a resolution reciting that none but democrats should be allowed to vote, was voted down.

The battles of the day will be found in the reports which follow:

will stand by their convictions and make a gallant fight, many think will succeed.

A ROUGH CONTEST. The meeting was held in Clara hall tonight, and the general's supporters rallied to give evidence of their love of their favorite.

Among those present were Judge Hook, Judge Ely, Albert Verdery, Dr. V. C. Hill, Hood Pitt, Carlton Miller, John W. Clarke, A. J. Smith, Chas. Doolittle, J. P. Bondurant, Dr. Eugene Foster, Augustus Blalock, L. T. Blome, J. S. Patterson, James McGraw, Henry Myers, M. A. Roundtree, Frank Calhoun, M. L. Freeman, W. W. Freeman, and Chas. Mark-walter, Lawton B. Evans, Chas. Estes, W. D'Antigne, Walker H. C. Ashier, T. V. Rhodes, Wm. Davidson, Thos. Costello, W. P. Dolph, F. W. Kilby, C. S. Ainer, L. W. Walton, Geo. F. Lambach, J. W. Keener, J. B. Keener, R. D. Crocker, Frank Cook, Chas. Cook, E. T. Lowe, Wm. Turpin, H. Ramsey, J. L. Stansell, Wm. Reveau, G. Pourcelle, R. C. Hunt, Geo. N. Garver, I. M. Philpot, William Kennedy, George S. Lark, Henry Campbell, A. Prather, J. L. Robinson, George W. Hancock, M. R. Hill, J. L. Hackett, W. H. Moore, Nelson Davis, William Ramey, M. J. Deiven, W. L. Moody, Oliver Doolittle, Scott & Wall, J. M. Youngblood, J. J. Wilson, E. S. Jennings, W. A. Starns, L. W. Lupo, T. M. Stovall, Thomas Layton, James Whitehead, William Boyce, William Walker, L. Hayne, James Bland, M. R. Stein-leck, James Youngblood, and scores of others whose names your reporter could not secure.

By Lawton Evans, ex-Mayor Estes, Marion Stovall and others.

Preparations were made for the Friday mass-meeting, and the wards of the city were offered to work in the interest of General Gordon on Friday.

Telegrams bringing the news of General Gordon's victories today, were read and received with great cheers and inspired the members of the meeting to work with a will. Hon. Carlton Miller also spoke and was received with loud applause, and listened to with attention. The Gordon men are determined to let Georgia know that General Gordon has friends in Richmond, who are true to him and who will work with a will in his behalf.

A ticket, embracing the names of our most prominent and promising citizens, was nominated for delegates. An executive committee was appointed to go to work immediately to insure the attendance of the Gordon men at the meeting to be held at the courthouse. It is a remarkable fact that during the meeting Major Bacon's name was mentioned but once. The meeting was composed of many of our best citizens, and was characterized by dignity and deportment.

They hardly expect to carry this county for their favorite, but they wish to demonstrate to the state that the general has scores of friends here who will stand by him and work for him with all their might and main. They will demonstrate at the courthouse this week that General Gordon is known in the race in Richmond, and hope to at least force some recognition of their preference into the delegation.

Dr. Eugene Foster, the chairman, is a name that inspires confidence in itself, and his selection as leader of the force was a happy one.

The appearance of Ex-Mayor Estes in the hall was greeted with applause, and the presence of other prominent gentlemen.

It was not generally known that Gordon numbered as many friends in this city as were out tonight to work for him.

BACON MEN ROUTED IN HARALSON.

They Meet and Grow Riotous, When Defeat Is Announced.

BUCHANAN, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—This has been a lively day politically, witnessing, as it did, the utter demoralization of the Bacon ring.

There is a paper printed here called the Haralson Banner, whose editor has been guilty of the most incendiary conduct toward General Gordon. His name is A. B. Pitts. He is at the same time chairman of the county executive committee. He has been the cause of much trouble in the county, and has been the cause of much trouble in the county, and has been the cause of much trouble in the county.

The arrival of General John B. Gordon here today sadly upset all of Editor Pitts's arrangements, and it soon became known that the goods could not be carried. General Gordon made one of the greatest speeches of his life. He began by a most beautiful and feeling allusion to the fact that Haralson county was named for the honored father of the sweet woman whom he had wedded in his early manhood, and who had followed him through the trials of war, and to whose tender care and nursing he owed under Providence the life which was spared him. Few dry eyes were in the audience as the general thus spoke.

He soon, however, had them convulsed with roars of laughter at his sparkling wit and yelling like wild men at all the splendid eloquence which it is no exaggeration to say he literally swept the crowd along with him like a storm.

As soon as the Bacon men saw how they were outnumbered, they resorted to the same old method of endeavoring to bully the voters. The final result is best told in the following address "to the people of Georgia," issued by Messrs. C. W. Ault, I. M. W. and numerous other citizens, and which is in reference to the mass meeting called here today for the appointment of delegates to the gubernatorial and congressional conventions.

It was considered a Bacon county ten days ago. The result here today showed an overwhelming majority for Gordon. The Gordon men on the executive committee had, at the meeting of that committee, tried to induce the committee to submit to a primary election. They were overruled by the Bacon men, who then called this mass meeting.

"citizens meeting" and not a democratic meeting. The meeting of the democrats passed the following resolutions:

Whereas, The meeting called on today to nominate delegates to the gubernatorial convention in Atlanta on the 23rd of July, was only called as a citizens meeting; and

Whereas, After said meeting had assembled a resolution was offered by W. H. Simmons that all persons participating in the meeting should be bound by its proceedings; and whereas, also, L. J. Alfred offered an amendment that no person should be allowed to vote but democrats, and to strike out the words "citizens meeting" and insert "democratic meeting," which amendment was voted down by the citizens meeting and said meeting proceeded to nominate delegates for A. O. Bacon.

Resolved, That we protest against the proceedings of this meeting, which was not a democratic meeting, and that we proceed to organize the democratic party of Pickens county, that the democracy may be represented in the coming democratic convention at Atlanta.

Resolved, That there be a meeting of the democratic party of Pickens county on Saturday the 2nd day of July, to nominate delegates to the gubernatorial convention.

The following was appointed as the democratic committee of the county, which comprises delegates from each district: Hon. L. J. Alfred, chairman; Mr. Jordan Pressley, secretary; Turk Wheel District—R. V. Sealey, B. F. Ward, C. H. Vincent. Judicial District—A. P. Mullinax, J. F. Simmons, O. H. Tolbert. Townships—Alfred McLean, Jordan Pressley, Benjamin Hill district—Benjamin Fuller, Samuel Townsend—J. B. Morris, Samuel Tate, Grassy Knob—E. F. Williams, G. W. Mullinax, J. B. Jones, W. N. Harris. Jerusalem—H. K. Wood, A. V. P. Jones, Wm. Foster. Cross Roads—William McClellan, Wood Patterson, T. B. Harris. Talking Rock—James Eaton, W. R. Coleman, E. P. Watson.

In a conversation today with ex-Senator Day, the leading republican of this section, he was asked:

"How is it that the republicans participated at a democratic convention?"

"It wasn't a 'democratic' convention," he answered, "but was a 'citizens' meeting."

THE BACON GAME IN BARTOW.

Opposed to Primaries and in Favor of Mass Meetings.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—The democratic executive committee of Bartow county met today and called a mass meeting for July 7, to elect delegates to the congressional and gubernatorial conventions.

THE COMMITTEE IN SESSION.

When the committee met there were but six members present, three being absent and three being excused. Of those present, four were for Gordon and two for Bacon. Colonel J. W. Harris, a Bacon man, was present, and claimed that by reason of his being a member of the congressional committee he was also a member of the county committee. The committee decided to fill the vacancies in the committee before passing on Colonel Harris's claims. Colonel R. H. Jones, a Gordon man, also was present, and claimed that he was a member of the county committee. The committee then standing 5 for Gordon and 3 for Bacon, decided that Colonel Harris was entitled to a seat on the committee. A committee of five was then appointed to draft resolutions, etc. The committee reported, calling a primary election on the 20th of June.

BACON MEN AGAINST THE PEOPLE.

Colonel Harris, for himself and Mr. Satterfield, filed a protest against the action of the committee. Colonel Jones said that the majority were anxious for the people to select the convention for themselves in their own militia districts, but in order that there should be harmony and no split in the meeting, he would move that a mass meeting be held on Wednesday, July 7, to select delegates to both county and state conventions. The motion was carried, and the committee decided to hold a mass-meeting in the interest of harmony, and gained a victory by it.

THE PEOPLE BEGINNING TO SEE.

The people here are beginning to understand the situation, and are speaking out for Gordon. Gordon's friends are almost a unit for primaries, but the Bacon men oppose them unless republicans be allowed to vote.

GORDON MAGNANIMITY IN GREENE.

The Bacon Men Downed, but an Unfair Advantage Not Taken.

GREENSBORO, Ga., June 1.—[Special.]—The Gordon idea has swept through Greene county, and the people will vote by primary on Saturday, June 12, for delegates to the gubernatorial convention.

## THE WEDDING TONIGHT.

### GOSSIP ABOUT THE PRESIDENT'S MARRIAGE.

Mr. Cleveland and Miss Folsom Return to Washington—The Affairs Not Conventional Enough to Suit Society's Demands—The Wedding Cake—Other Details of the Affair.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—[Special.]—There was but little business done at the white house today that did not relate to the interesting event of tomorrow evening, and there was a great deal that did relate to that important affair. The president returned from New York, arriving soon after eight o'clock. He breakfasted at the usual hour and attended to come bills from congress and other matters that required his attention, but these things didn't consume very much time and there was an opportunity in the forenoon for the president to be consulted in regard to numerous details of to-morrow's arrangements.

The cabinet assembled as usual, that is those of the cabinet officers who were in town, but there were only three of them—Bayard, Lamar and Garland, and Acting Secretary Fairchild. The cabinet meeting was short, and after luncheon, when the doors had been closed to the public several things happened. First came the Rev. Dr. Sunderland, house and smiling to the attendants at the big white door and apparently very glad that he had at last been sent for in order to come to a complete understanding with the president relative to tomorrow's ceremonial. The doctor had the manual of the Presbyterian service with him, and showed the president just how the nuptial knot would be tied. Right on the heels of the reverend doctor came a big truck loaded with palm leaf trees, and a half dozen orderly men who proceeded to carry them into the blue room which is on this occasion to be transformed into a very "green" room, so thick and plentiful will be the plants and shrubs that will hide the three windows and much of the wall space on the west side of it.

The floral decorations, the collation and the instructions to the attendants kept Colonel Lamont so busy that he was compelled to deny himself to most of the callers and to all his newspaper friends who asked for him during the day. There was a burden of grief on many of these gallant spirits, male and female, because they could learn so little of the ultimate and actual details of the wedding. Some things were learned, however, by the judicious and the fact that that was most valued as a discovery, because it seemed to be so very carefully hidden away in the recesses of Mr. Cleveland's and Colonel Lamont's mind, was that the president intends to go away on a wedding tour tomorrow evening. But where will he go? That was quite another matter, and even the bravest journalistic guesser was unequal to the task of divining where the Hon. Grover Cleveland and his bride will eat their breakfast on Thursday morning. All their arrangements seem to be making with a view to the bridal party leaving the white house very soon after the ceremony.

The collation will be a "stand up" affair, and there will be no regular dinner for any of the company who will be present. The members of the cabinet, their wives and other invited guests will assemble in the blue room shortly before seven o'clock. They will leave their wraps in the ante-room, and when they have all taken their positions, the president and Miss Folsom will enter from the hallway and the ceremony will then proceed.

It will be very short, and Dr. Sunderland will have to save the general reflections and so forth with which he might garnish the occasion till his sermon on the following Sunday. It will really be a simple and quiet affair, and Colonel Lamont, who is going to prepare the account for the associated press, believes that he will be able to compress the whole story into a very brief space. He is going to hold a general conference with the newspaper fraternity at three o'clock, and then will be told much that is now seen as through a glass darkly.

THE WEDDING CAKE.

One great question that is puzzling the minds of the gossips relates to the size and quality of the wedding cake. It would give great satisfaction to all over town tonight, some safe statistics on this subject were to be had. Another topic about which the community gropes in darkness is as to whether there will be any cards. Nearly everybody wants the president to send cards so that they can be preserved as mementoes of the occasion. The diplomatic corps is said to be permeated with deep and abiding sorrow because it is left totally out of what it regards a most important and memorable state function. Some of the various degrees of dissatisfaction felt in this connection are explained in a subsequent chapter in tonight's dispatches.

SECRETARY MANNING AND WIFE.

Among the callers at the white house during the morning were Secretary and Mrs. Manning, who remained for an hour and a half, leaving at 1 o'clock. Then the cabinet officers arrived. During this time Mrs. Manning sat with Miss Cleveland and Miss Folsom. The discussion all the details of the wedding. The secretary, though wonderfully improved and able to walk slowly with the aid of his wife, upon whose arm he still leans heavily, is yet far from well, and feels the strain of any continued mental effort.

A LADY INVESTIGATES DETAILS.

A feminine writer who has placed her services at the command of THE CONSTITUTION on this momentous occasion makes the following observations as the result of her investigations today:

"The president sat at the head of the cabinet meeting this morning, and sat for the last time as a bachelor among those experienced Benedicts. He had along conference with Colonel Lamont while he breakfasted and had listened to all Miss Cleveland's plans. Secretary Whitney and Endicott and Fairbanks, General Vilas were absent, all three of them remained over in New York to rest from the fatigues of yesterday, and to select their wedding presents.

At first all the ladies of the cabinet had agreed in joining in presenting the bride with an elaborate silver dinner service, but one of them finally opposed the project so strongly that it was given up, and each family will make its own gift. Tiffany will be besieged today by purchasers of wedding presents, as all of these ladies now there are weighed with commissions and others have sent direct to Tiffany. The whole wedding is being conducted in such strange lines that ordinary rules cannot be agreed upon. It is a royal

and an official wedding, in the sense that the bride comes to the bridegroom, and it takes place in his house and at his expense all the way through.

"A soft snap for that bride's family," said one congressman who has undergone heavy expense in having one of his daughters properly married.

#### THE CARDS.

"Who will send out the announcement cards I wonder?"

The question of cards is as vital as the cake. All the world will know that Grover Cleveland has married Frankie Folsom without his sending them any special word, but it is due to his position and due at least to congress and the diplomatic corps that some one should inform them of it officially. This is the first official wedding, for such it must be considered, if the couple will have it occur in the white house, the president's official residence is very entertaining to the members of the diplomatic corps and every point commented upon with more and more animation. In royal weddings and other countries the first negotiations and the betrothal are immediately made known and none of this mysterious detective secrecy surrounds the affair. If the president is sincere in wishing for the quietest possible kind of a wedding, why did he not marry Miss Folsom while he was dining with her at the Gilsey house last night, instead of waiting to parade down here to Washington and have it come out in the blue press? The president takes full advantage of his official position and a complete back on his prerogative as a private citizen, and is amazed that people should regard him in any other light.

THE PREACHER PUZZLED.

Little Dr. Sunderland, who is to perform the ceremony, is at this stage very nervous, as so far he has had only the briefest asking him to perform the ceremony. He has had no consultation with any member of the family, and as Miss Folsom's room and come until tomorrow there will be little chance to arrange with her.

"Suppose you do not see Miss Folsom or any of them until you go to the white house tomorrow night to perform the ceremony?" he was asked today.


"Oh, that could never be," said Dr. Sunderland. "I could not do it all that way. Usually I have a long conference with the bride's family, and in a circle like this there ought to be some kind of a rehearsal, and a complete understanding before hand. I do not know what kind of a ceremony it will be. That is for Miss Folsom to decide when she comes."

No one believes that the president will want a long ceremony of it and will insist upon the Episcopal ritual with all its response and long utterances from the bridegroom.

THE COLLATION.

The collation that follows the wedding is supposed to be peculiar a thing at the rest of the affair. It





**ND BREAKFAST BACON.**  
**NONE GENUINE**  
 AND OBTAIN OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARK, A LIP  
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ALL FIRST-CLASS  
Keepers now keep it for Sale  
THE BEST  
TO PARENTS.  
Scientific.  
Baking powder is very potent  
and will save every one from  
the bad quality of baking  
powder. It contains no  
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Proprietary Medicines.

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## THE SUPREME COURT.

DECISIONS RENDERED TUESDAY  
JUNE 1, 1886.Hon. James Jackson, Chief Justice, Hon. Samuel  
McCracken, M. H. Blanton, Justices, Reported  
for the Constitution by J. H. Lamp-  
kin, Supreme Court Reporter.Illges vs. Dexter. Equity. From Muscogee.  
Construction. Contracts. Sales. (Before  
Judge Willis).[Blanton, J., being disqualified, Judge  
Clarke, of the Atlanta circuit, presided in his  
stead.]Clarke, J.—As a general rule, the construction  
of a contract is a question for the court;  
but where the terms of a written instrument  
are ambiguous, its meaning should be left to  
the jury. Code, §§ 2754, 2757, 3301, 3391.  
36 Ga. 454, 52; 52 Ga. 572, 51; 60, 57; 1d., 28;  
61; 1d., 364; Erskine vs. Duffy, (present term.)(a) The stockholders of a railroad entered  
into an agreement to sell the road to one Lo-  
gan, through his agent, Garrard, for \$100,000,  
providing in the agreement, that it should re-  
main binding for only thirty days, and that, in  
the event of the sale, the stockholders should  
execute quit-claim deeds to all their right title  
and interest. The contract was dated April 12,  
1881. On May 12 it was extended for thirty  
days, it being stated that "the option for the  
sale and purchase of our stock in said rail-  
road company, do hereby extend the option to the  
sale of Columbus and Rome railroad heretofore  
granted to Louis F. Garrard, on April 12, 1881,  
and expiring on June 12, 1881, to August 12,  
1881, to commence on the 12th day of June, 1881,  
and to expire on the 12th day of July, 1881."Held, that this agreement was not unambig-  
uous, and was properly construed by the court.  
It was a contract by reference to the original  
agreement, and under it Dexter could neither  
buy for himself or another, provided he paid  
that price.(b) In construing contracts, it is important  
to look to the substantial purpose which may  
be supposed to have influenced the minds of  
the parties, rather than at the details of making  
such purpose effectual. Lieber's Her., 109, 135,  
139.Judgment affirmed.  
Smith & Russell, W. A. Little, for plaintiff in  
error.  
Peabody & Brannon, for defendant.Commissioners of Houston County vs. Killen.  
Complaint, from Houston. Laws. Contracts.  
Constitutional Law. Convicts. (Before  
Judge Kibbee).Held, that no recovery can be main-  
tained on a contract which was made in obedi-  
ence to a mandatory special act of the general  
assembly in regard to the employment of con-  
victs and their superintendence on the public  
roads of a particular county, which act con-  
flicts with the general laws of the state con-  
cerning the working of con-  
victs on public roads, such special mandatory  
act having been enacted after the adoption of  
the constitution of 1877, and being in conflict  
with the first paragraph of the fourth section  
of the first article of the constitution. Code  
§ 5066, 5182; Cooley's Const. Lim., 470, 471.(b) It is dangerous to imply a legislative  
intent contrary to previous legislation from  
conflicting expressions which may admit of  
different interpretations. 71 Ga. 461; Mont-  
gomery, ex'r, et al. vs. Board of Education of  
Richmond County et al. (Sept. term, 1884).  
Held, that the act of the board of education,  
in passing the act of September 3, 1881, (acts  
1880-81, pp. 338-339), to make either public  
property or property held exclusively for the  
purposes of religious, worship, or any other  
property, exempt from taxation, was subject to  
the provisions of that act.(a) The trustees of the First Methodist  
Episcopal Church South, of Atlanta, could not  
claim exemption from taxation on the prop-  
erty they held in trust, without express author-  
ity to do so.  
Judgment reversed.  
H. E. Peabody, Harrison & Peoples, for  
plaintiffs in error.  
J. B. Goodwin, J. T. Pendleton, for defend-  
ant.Harrison et al., executors, vs. Powers, and vice  
versa. Complaint, from Fulton. Contracts.  
Sunday. Charge of Court. Bankruptcy.  
Evidence. Practice in Superior Court. Wit-  
ness. Criminal Law. Constitutional Law.  
(Before Judge Hammond).[These cases were argued at the last term,  
and the decision reserved.]  
Hall, J.—1. If drafts were accepted and de-  
posited, Sunday, they were void ab initio, and  
the parties, but if they were falsely dated as of  
another day, and came into the hands of an in-  
nocent holder, who took them for value with-  
out notice and in the course of trade, the  
acceptor was estopped from setting up the de-  
fense in a suit against him by such holder.  
But if the contract of purchase was on Sunday,  
then it was not in the due course of trade, and  
the holder would not be protected. 62 Ga.,  
757.(a) The acceptances sued on in this case  
were dated on Saturday, and the evidence in  
this record fails to show either that the holder  
was present at their execution, or that he  
knew they were executed on Sunday, or that  
they assigned to him and that he became their  
owner on that day.(c) The charge contained in the fourth  
ground of the motion for new trial was lit-  
erally correct, as far as it went.  
Held, that the charge contained in the fifth ground  
of the motion, was substantially correct, and  
would have been more accurate, after insert-  
ing the jury that, if the transfer of the papers  
sued on was not finally completed on the Sat-  
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which it occurred, this charge was not suffi-  
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that the defendant paid the firm from whom  
he bought goods, or their assignees in bank-  
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against them in the bankrupt court. It was  
conceded that neither the holder nor the ac-  
ceptor could settle with the assignees under  
the other settled with them, and it was not  
denied that the acceptor was cognizant of all  
that transpired in relation to this settlement,  
and it does not appear that he objected or set  
up any opposition to it until long after its com-  
pletion.Held, that when this arrangement was com-  
pleted, the jurisdiction of the bankrupt court  
over the subject was at an end, and the parties,  
in relation to the paper, occupied the same  
position as they would have done had it never  
been administered or disposed of in that court.  
115 U. S., 348, 528.(a) If the jury found that the holder was a  
bona fide holder of these acceptances, then  
this law should have been given them in charge,  
as applicable to these particular issues, instead  
of the charge given, as excepted to in the  
tenth, eleventh and twelfth grounds of the  
motion for new trial.vs. McCracken, 52 Ga., 596, and Richards  
Bro. vs. Myers & Marcus, 63 1d., 792.  
Judgment affirmed.  
Rey. H. Bigham, by brief, for plaintiff in  
error.  
No appearance for defendants.Trustees First Methodist Church vs. City of  
Atlanta. Refusal of injunction, from Ful-  
ton. Constitutional Law. Tax. Streets  
and Sidewalks. Public Policy. Religious  
Corporations. Laws. Construction. Trusts  
and Trustees. (Before Judge Clarke.)  
[Jackson, C. J., being disqualified, did not  
preside in this case.]Hill, J.—1. In Ga. 817, this court held  
that an act of the general assembly conferring  
upon a municipal corporation authority to  
assess real property, abutting on a street, for  
improvements made thereon, did not involve  
the exercise of the taxing power, within the  
meaning of that term as used in the constitu-  
tion, and there was a distinction between such  
assessments and taxation; but the question  
was not closed by that decision, and the issue  
being made and collected for the benefit of the  
public and as a substitute for other services  
required of the citizen to effectuate that par-  
ticular purpose, were within the taxing au-  
thority of the state. The court held that they were  
not "judicial" in character, but of a tax na-  
ture, and that they were subject to ordinary tax-  
ation. 65 Pa. St., 146; Jones vs. Sligh et al. (Oct.  
term, 1885); Act 1880-1, pp. 338-339.2. No corporation, whether private or pub-  
lic, can exercise any power not expressly con-  
ferred or necessarily implied to enable it to  
carry into effect the purposes for which it was  
created. Code, § 5066, 5182.(a) It can never be presumed that the gen-  
eral assembly intended by such local acts as  
that authorizing assessments for the improve-  
ment of streets, where they have used no lan-  
guage expressly referring to the matter, to  
modify, alter or change the general law or the  
uniform and unvarying practice of the govern-  
ment in relation to that and kindred subjects.  
5 Ga. 32.3. The policy of this state, as exhibited in  
its constitution and in the history of its leg-  
islation, is to encourage and advance religion  
and morality, and to encourage and advance  
assessments for street improvements will not  
be so construed as to violate this declared pub-  
lic policy, or as intending, by general expres-  
sions, to impose burdens upon religious or  
charitable institutions. 11 Ga., 75, 91; City of  
Const. Lim., marg. p. 471; Code, §§ 5066, 5094,  
5005, 2408, 3155, 3156 and act, 3157, sec. 8,  
3160, 4535, 798, 5182.(b) The constitutional inhibition against  
taking any money from the public treasury,  
directly or indirectly, in aid of any church,  
sect or denomination of religionists, or any sec-  
tarian institution, does not conflict with the  
declaration of a public policy generally en-  
couraging or advancing religion or charity,  
nor with the power granted to the legislature  
to encourage religious instruction, by exempt-  
ing from taxation, churches, schools, and other  
government places of religious worship. Code,  
§ 5066, 5182; Cooley's Const. Lim., 470, 471.(c) It is dangerous to imply a legislative  
intent contrary to previous legislation from  
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over the subject was at an end, and the parties,  
in relation to the paper, occupied the same  
position as they would have done had it never  
been administered or disposed of in that court.  
115 U. S., 348, 528.witness after both sides had closed their  
cases and after some argument and inter-  
vention of a night, was a matter of discretion  
with which this court will not interfere, unless  
it is made manifest that the party objecting  
suffered serious detriment therefrom.(a) The evidence rejected, as complained of  
in the ninth ground of the motion for a new  
trial, should have been admitted, both as tend-  
ing to corroborate a witness for the plaintiff  
whose testimony had been attacked, and also  
as bearing upon the question on what day the  
holder became the owner of the acceptances.  
5. One who is a party to the record, when  
offered to testify in his own favor with respect  
to the contract or cause of action in issue or  
on trial is incompetent, if the other party  
testifies to it. 71 Ga., 168.(b) Pursuit of one's ordinary avocations  
on Sunday is an indictable offense, and a party  
is not bound to testify to such facts against  
himself; nor should he be subjected to injury  
for availing himself of the privilege of refusing  
to answer questions which might have a ten-  
dency either to criminate him or subject him  
to penalty. 14 Ga. 255, 256; Gravett vs. State,  
(September term, 1884).6. The depositions relating to bank-  
ruptcy were irrelevant to any issues made by  
the pleadings, as they then stood, and if ad-  
missible under any circumstances, their rejection  
worked no injury, as the date of the dealings  
in bankruptcy was admitted. Code, § 3389.  
Judgment on main case reversed; on bill of  
exceptions pendente lite and cross bill, affir-  
med.H. C. Peoples, N. J. Hammond, for plain-  
tiffs.  
P. L. Myatt, John D. Cunningham, for de-  
fendant.The following judgments also were ren-  
dered. The head-notes will appear to-mor-  
row.ATLANTA CIRCUIT.  
No. 18. Georgia Railroad vs. Smith, governor.  
Reversed.  
No. 37. Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific  
Railroad vs. Houston. Reversed.EASTERN CIRCUIT.  
No. 2. Central Railroad vs. Smith. Reversed.  
No. 4. Poulain et al. vs. Poulain, and vice  
versa. Reversed.Bacon and Gordon  
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that they've got minds of their own; but there  
is no such thing as a woman's mind, as it  
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They are all unanimous in pronouncing it the  
best remedy in the world for all those chronic  
diseases, weaknesses and complaints peculiar  
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dispirited woman into one of health, and the  
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Bowel, and all the diseases which arise from a disor-  
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caused by a disordered condition of the Liver,  
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CHOICE LOTS AT AUCTION--I WILL SELL  
at 1 o'clock p. m. sharp, 23 nicely located lots,  
situated on Park avenue (formerly Broadway),  
Fair, McDonald and Chestnut streets, only 200 feet  
east of where the Fair street car line turns out of  
Fair street going to Grant's Park. Park avenue  
will be widened and worked out from Decatur  
street to the park, and will connect with the Bal-  
timore and Annapolis roads, and will make it the  
main and popular drive from the north of the  
city to the park. Free time on street cars from  
4:30 a. m. to 10:30 p. m. Terms, one-half cash and  
balance 6 and 12 months, with 8 per cent interest.  
Don't forget the day and time. Plans now at  
office. Lot 1, Lyle, 37 Macaulay street.

**FOR SALE--BOOKS, STATIONERY ETC.**  
A BOOK OF 100 IRONCLAD WAIVER NOTES  
with mortgage clause, costs sixty cents, and is a  
good investment for the business man. We will  
send the book, post paid, upon receipt of fifty  
cents. Address The Constitution.  
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### Shoes and Slippers.

Shoes and Slippers.

**'FORCE'**

# SPECIALTIES IN SHOES

**MEN'S WEAR.**—Fine Calf, genuine hand-sewed, congress and hook-lace Shoes, \$5, worth \$6; plain and cap toe.

**OUR MEN'S** \$2.50 and \$3 fine Calf, sewed, button, hook-lace and congress. Solid leather and stylish.

**MEN'S** low and high-cut Shoes, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 and \$2.25. Good styles and

**"COMMENCEMENT" Shoes and Slippers.** Light weight. Elegant fitting and stylish. Prices the lowest.

**SPRING HEEL SHOES.**—Full line for Ladies, Misses and Children. Kid and pebble goat.

**SLIPPERS! SLIPPERS!!**—The finest to the cheapest. Popular styles. Lowest

INFANTS' SHOES AND SLIPPERS—A  
large variety. Beautiful styles.  
33 WHITEHALL ST.

may 22-sun, wed. sat

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**Rubber Goods.**

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**Atlanta Rubber Co.**

36 MARILETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA..

JOBBERS OF  
INDIA RUBBER GOODS,  
BELTING, PACKING, HOSE, &c.  
RUBBER CLOTHING,  
BOOTS AND SHOES.

DRUGGISTS, SUNDRIES, TOYS, &c.  
**Leather Belting, Lace Leather, &c**  
 ASBESTOS, SOAPSTONE, HEMP, and every  
 description of PACKING.  
 —AGENTS FOR—  
 N. Y. RUBBER CO.  
 N. J. RUBBER SHOE CO., and the

**GIBLIN AUTOMATIC FIRE EXTINGUISHERS**  
**Send for Price Lists and Discounts.**

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**R. H. KNAPP** ..... Auctioneer

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I will sell on the premises,

At 3.30 p. m., Thursday, June 3,  
28 Residence Lots,  
Near E. T. V. & G. R. R. Shops,

**B** EING PARTS OF THE GARDINER PROPERTY, in what has become known as Pittsburgh. There are nine lots, Nos. 51, 52, 53, 97, 98, 99, 100, 76 and 77, fronting on McDaniel street, 3 lots, Nos. 33, 34 and 35, on Latimer street, 5 lots, Nos. 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 142 and 187, on Herbert street, and 8 lots, Nos. 211, 215, 220, 230, 231, 232, 233 and 234, on Simms street; on each the last named 6 lots is constructed a two room house. Each lot is 50x100, and being in close proximity

to the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad shops, is admirably adapted for small cottage residences. Quite a fair sized village has grown up in the neighborhood in the past two years. Titles perfect; terms easy, all cash, or one-fifth cash, payable in twenty equal monthly instalments, with eight per cent interest.

R. H. KNAPP,  
Real Estate Agent.

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June 1, 2, 3

**Notice to the Public,**  
WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.,  
R. A. ANDERSON, Superintendent,  
ATLANTA, Ga., May 25, 1886.  
**ON ACCOUNT OF CHANGING GAUGE OF**  
track June 1st, all northbound passenger  
trains leaving Atlanta after 1:50 p. m. May 30th,  
except No. 3, leaving Atlanta 7:50 a. m. May 31st,

will be suspended until 1:30 p.m. June 2, when we expect to resume all northbound schedules.

And after No. 2 leaving Chattanooga 1:15 p. m. May 31st, all southbound passenger trains will be suspended until 2 o'clock a. m., June 2, when we expect to resume all southbound schedules.

d til jun 2 R. A. ANDERSON.

# LAND'S

# SHOOTING POWDER CONTAIN

# CONTAIN

## ONIA, OR ALUM.

by a new process which frees it from all impurities, and is obtained in the purest form: the Bicarbonate of Soda is

...publish the following from the New York Produce Exchange:

we regard Cleveland's Superior  
powder, composed as it is of  
pure Bicarbonate of Soda.

**...ADDING,  
the N. Y. Produce Exchange."**











